



# The many meanings of gross photosynthesis and their implication for photosynthesis research from leaf to globe

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## Ice breaker

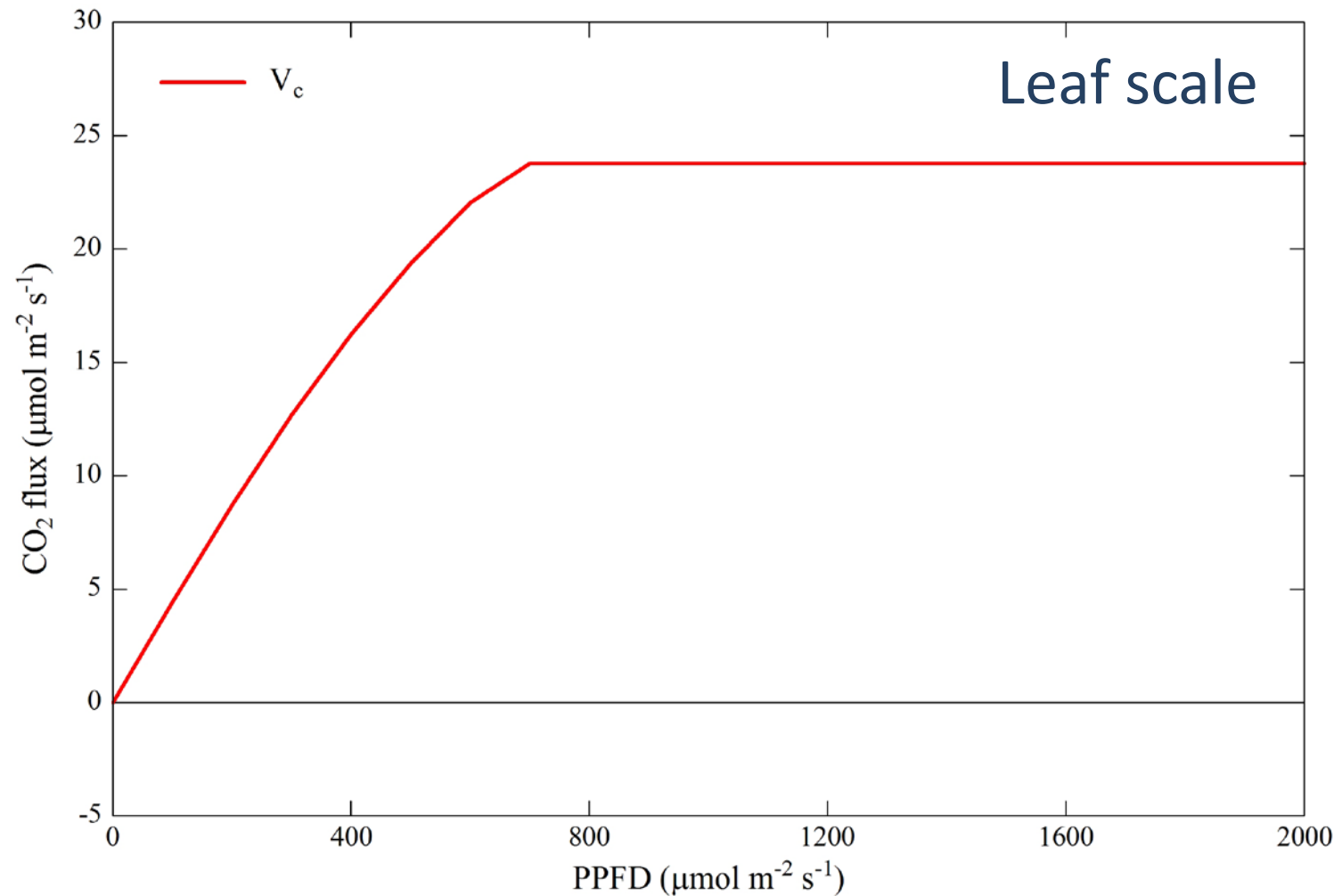
### Expose yourself!

Put up your hands up if you think you know the definition of gross photosynthesis.



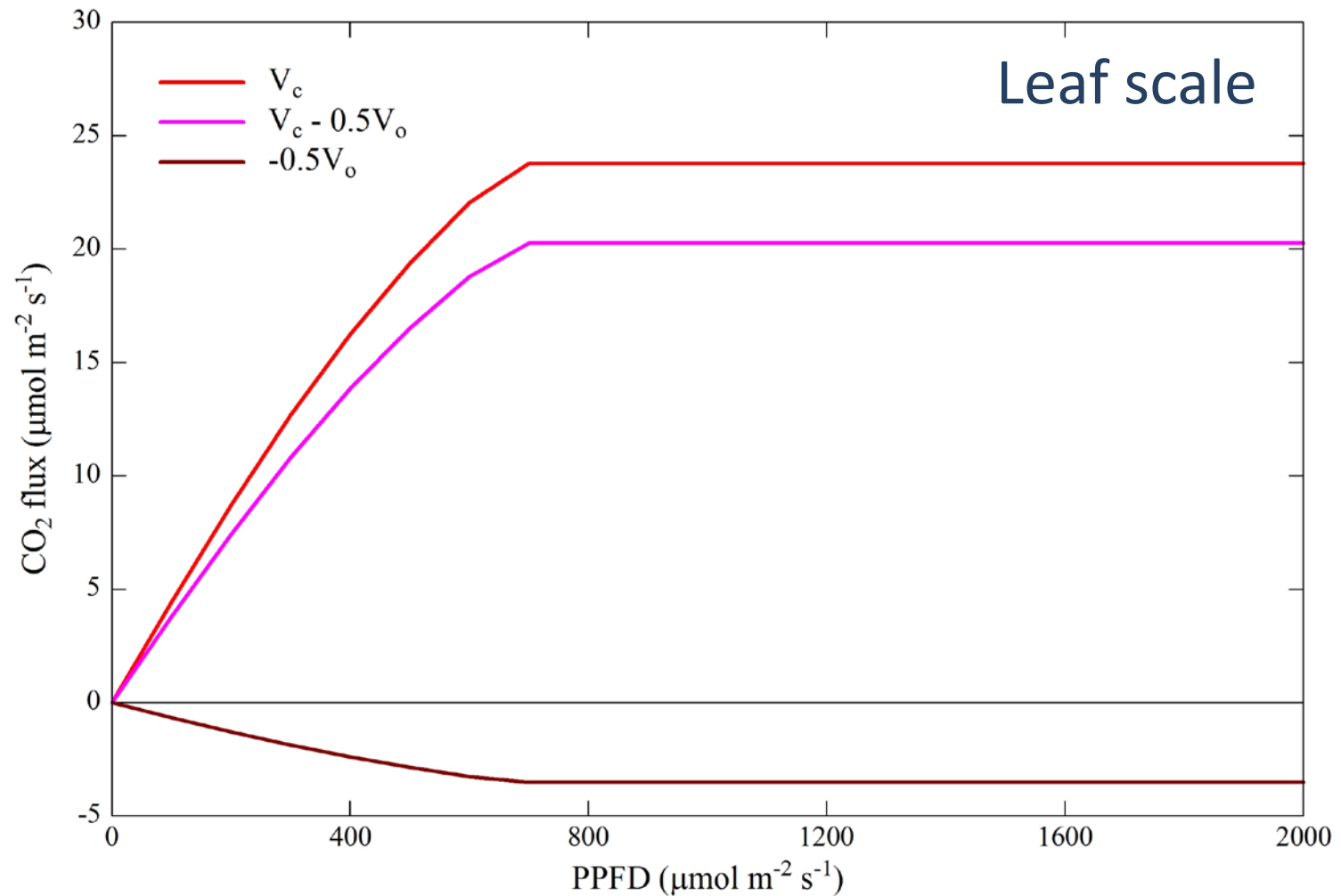


# Background



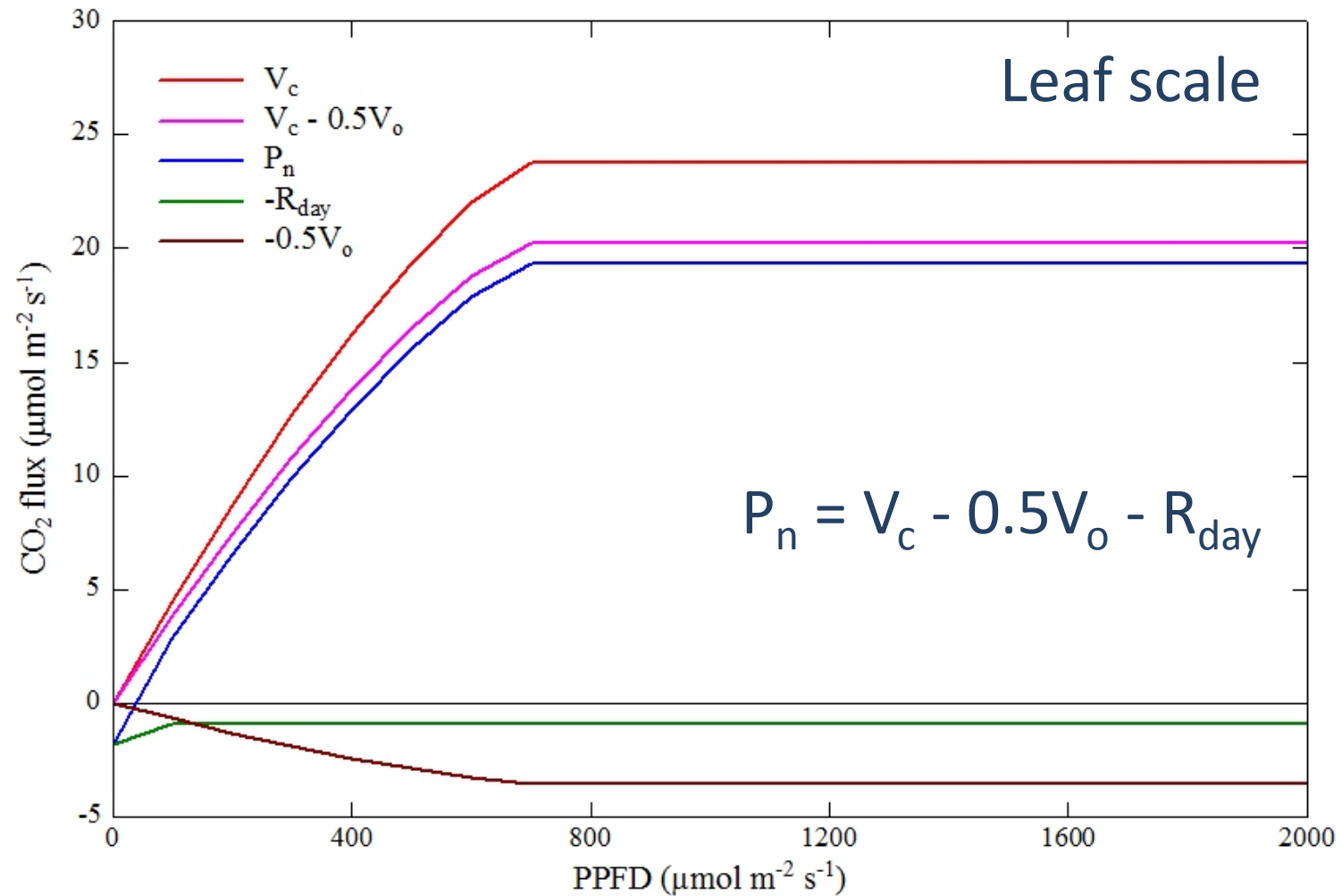


# Background





# Background





## Definitions

$$P_n = \underbrace{V_c}_{(a)} - 0.5V_o - R_{\text{day}}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{(b)}$

**Gross photosynthesis is defined as**

(a)  $V_c$  (i.e. carboxylation only) or

(b)  $V_c - 0.5V_o$  (i.e. carboxylation minus photorespiration)

Which definition is correct?



## Definitions

Ecosystems (2006) 9: 1041–1050  
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# Reconciling Carbon-cycle Concepts, Terminology, and Methods

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“... gross photosynthesis is the sum of gross carbon fixation by autotrophic carbon-fixing tissues per unit area and time ...”





# Definitions

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Journal of  
Experimental  
Botany  
www.jxb.oxfordjournals.org

DARWIN REVIEW

## Linking chlorophyll *a* fluorescence to photosynthesis for remote sensing applications: mechanisms and challenges

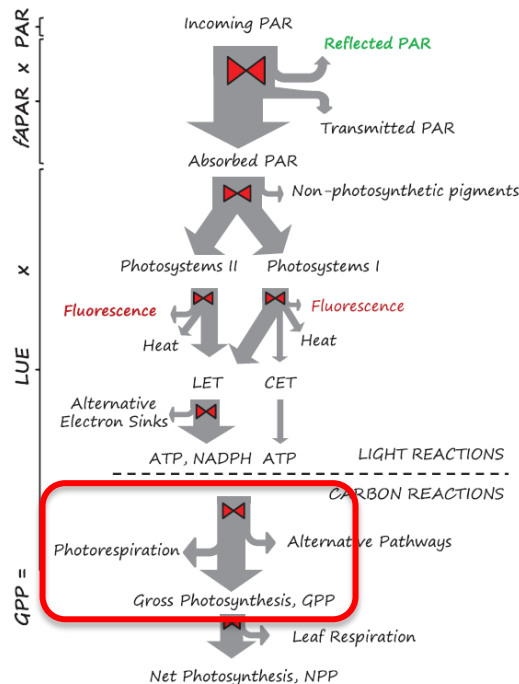
Albert Porcar-Castell<sup>1,\*</sup>, Esa Tyystjärvi<sup>2</sup>, Jon Atherton<sup>1</sup>, Christiaan van der Tol<sup>3</sup>, Jaume Flexas<sup>4</sup>,  
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# Definitions

$$GPP = V_c - 0.5V_o$$

$$GPP = V_c$$



The ATP and NADPH generated by the light reactions are utilized by the Calvin–Benson cycle to synthesize sugars by assimilating  $\text{CO}_2$  (gross photosynthetic assimilation or  $A_G$ ) (Fig. 1). Net photosynthetic assimilation ( $A_N$ ) is the quantity that is measurable by gas exchange systems and relates to ‘true’ or gross photosynthesis ( $A_G$ ) as:

$$A_N = A_G - PR - R_d \quad (2)$$

where  $R_d$  is the rate of mitochondrial day respiration and PR is the rate of photorespiration (Ogren, 1984). In photorespi-

two different definitions ... in the same paper ...



## Definitions

$$P_n = \underbrace{V_c}_{(a)} - 0.5V_o - R_{\text{day}}$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{(b)}$

## Older definitions

(a)  $V_c$  : 'true' photosynthesis

(b)  $V_c - 0.5V_o$  : 'apparent' photosynthesis

## Results

### Eddy covariance flux partitioning

$$\text{NEP}_n = -(R_{\text{dark}} + R_{\text{non-leaf}})$$
$$\text{NEP}_d = V_c - 0.5V_o - (R_{\text{day}} + R_{\text{non-leaf}})$$

$f(T)$

Problem #1: because  $R_{\text{day}} < R_{\text{dark}}$ ,  $\text{NEP}_n$  overestimates daytime ecosystem respiration



## Results



Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)



Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 130 (2005) 13–25

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METEOROLOGY

[www.elsevier.com/locate/agrformet](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/agrformet)

### Estimation of daytime ecosystem respiration to determine gross primary production of a mountain meadow

Georg Wohlfahrt<sup>\*</sup>, Michael Bahn, Alois Haslwanter,  
Christian Newesely, Alexander Cernusca

“... suggests an overestimation of RECO by 11-17% ...”



# Results

## Eddy covariance flux partitioning

$$NEP_n = -(R_{\text{dark}} + R_{\text{non-leaf}})$$

$$NEP_d = V_c - 0.5V_o + (R_{\text{day}} + R_{\text{non-leaf}})$$



$f(T)$

Problem #2:  $NEP_n$  carries no information about photorespiration - we thus can only estimate  $V_c - 0.5V_o$ , but not  $V_c$ , i.e.

$$V_c - 0.5V_o = NEP_d + (R_{\text{day}} + R_{\text{non-leaf}})$$



## Results

### Eddy covariance flux partitioning

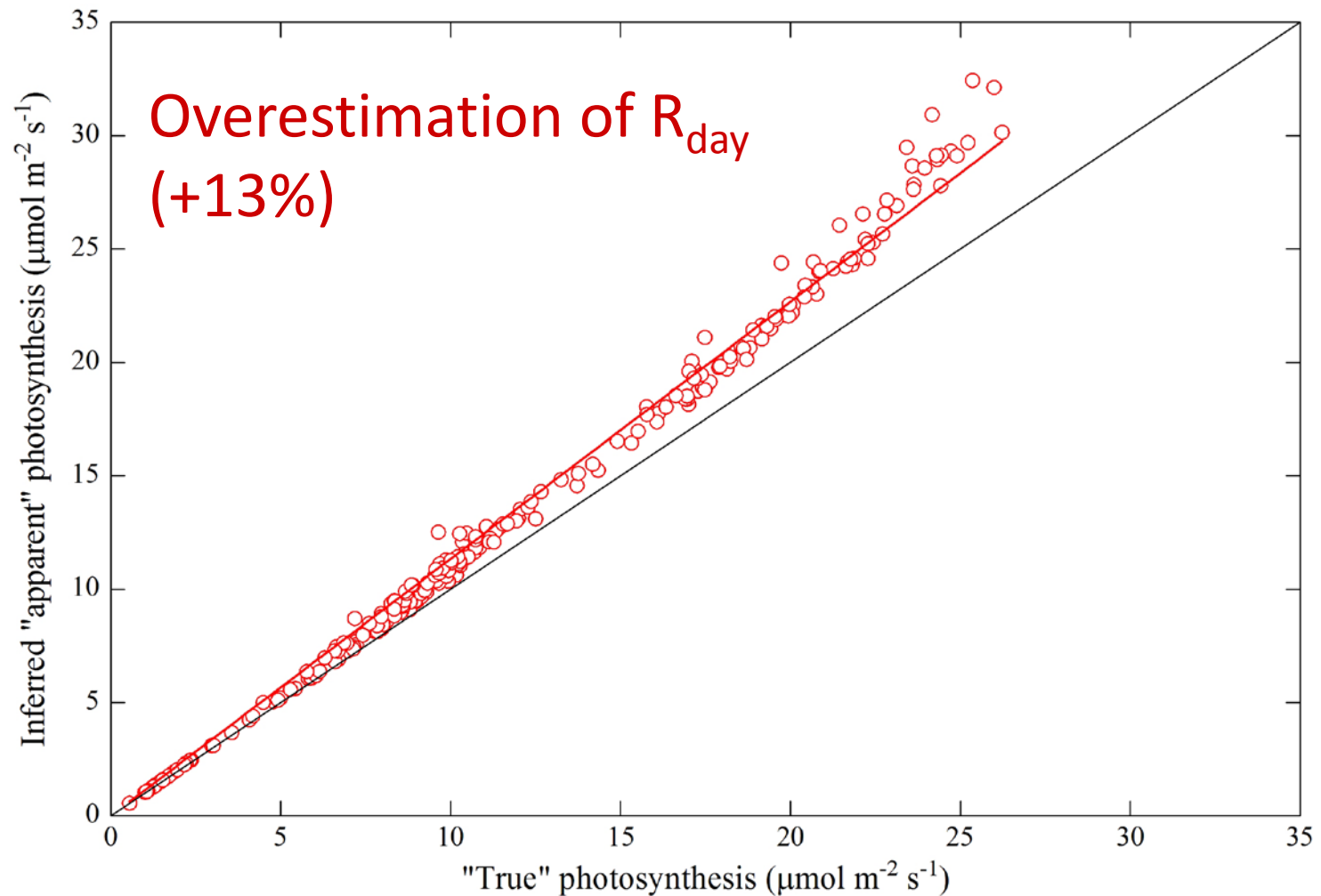
#1:  $NEP_n$  overestimates daytime ecosystem respiration

#2:  $NEP_n$  carries no information about photorespiration

=> Inferred GPP may be closer to true ( $V_c$ ) than apparent ( $V_c - 0.5V_o$ ) photosynthesis



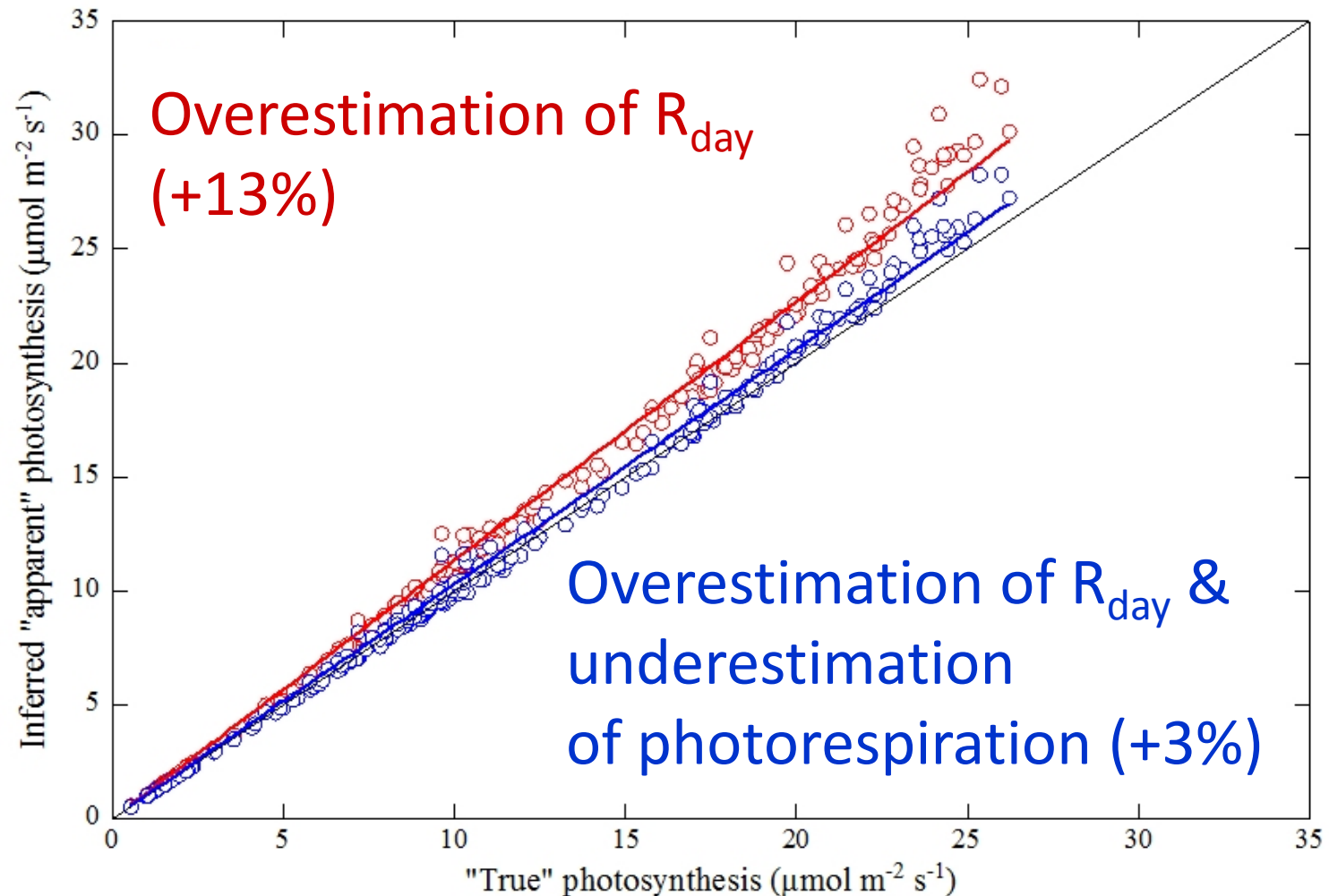
## Results







## Results





## Take-home messages

- The term gross photosynthesis has been and is used with different meanings by different communities.
- Eddy covariance flux partitioning conceptually allows estimating the 'apparent' photosynthesis, that is carboxylation minus photorespiration.
- However, the resulting estimate is closer to the 'true' photosynthesis, that is carboxylation only.
- Given these and other complications, alternative ways of exploiting the strong contrast between nighttime and daytime  $\text{CO}_2$  exchange should be explored.
- Finally, we advocate to use the term gross photosynthesis and GPP for carboxylation minus photorespiration.